Towards a Motivated Annotation Schema of Collocation Errors in Learner Corpora

M. Alonso Ramos, L. Wanner, O. Vincze, G. Casamayor, N. Vázquez, E. Mosqueira y S. Prieto Universidade da Coruña ICREA Universitat Pompeu Fabra

XXVII LREC
Malta 2010

The Problem

• The relevance of **collocations** (in the sense of Hausmann, Mel'čuk et al.) in L2 learning is generally acknowledged

dar un paseo/ faire une promenade '[to] take a walk' fumador empedernido / gros fumeur 'heavy smoker'

• It is **collocations** which are difficult to master by the learners! Typical errors:

hacer un paseo/ donner une promenade '[to] take a walk

big smoker/ lourd fumeur 'heavy smoker'

 Current learner error annotation schemata tend to group collocation errors into one single subclass of lexical errors

BUT

The Problem

A look at a learner corpus of Spanish (CEDEL2)
 http://www.uam.es/proyectosinv/woslac/cedel2.htm

 shows that collocation errors of rather different types can be identified

salvar dinero 'to save money' (instead of <u>ahorrar</u> dinero) recibir un <u>llamo</u> 'to receive a call' (instead of recibir una <u>llamada</u>)

asistir la universidad, lit. 'to attend university' (instead of asistir <u>a</u> la universidad)

. . .



A more detailed collocation error classification is needed!

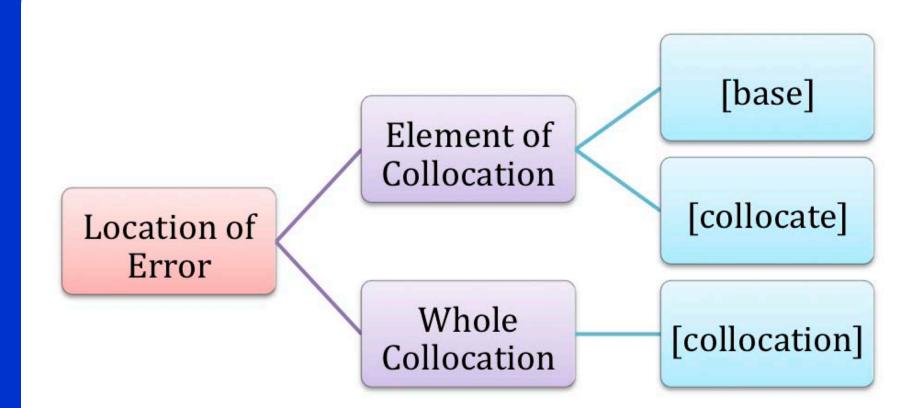
Outline

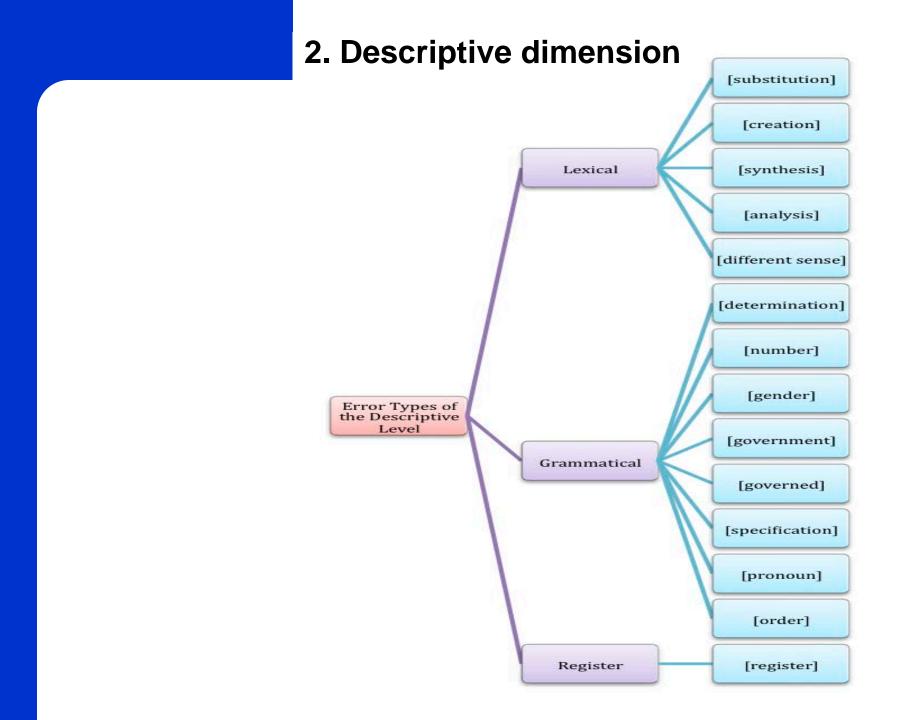
- 1. Towards a typology of collocation errors (based on a Spanish learner corpus)
- 2. Knowtator: Tool for annotating collocation errors in the corpus
- 3. The framework of our work: The research project COLOCATE
 - 3.1. Creation of collocation-oriented content in a web-based learning environment
 - 3.2. Automatic processing of collocations in a web-based learning environment
- 4. Preliminary findings
- 5. Conclusions and future work

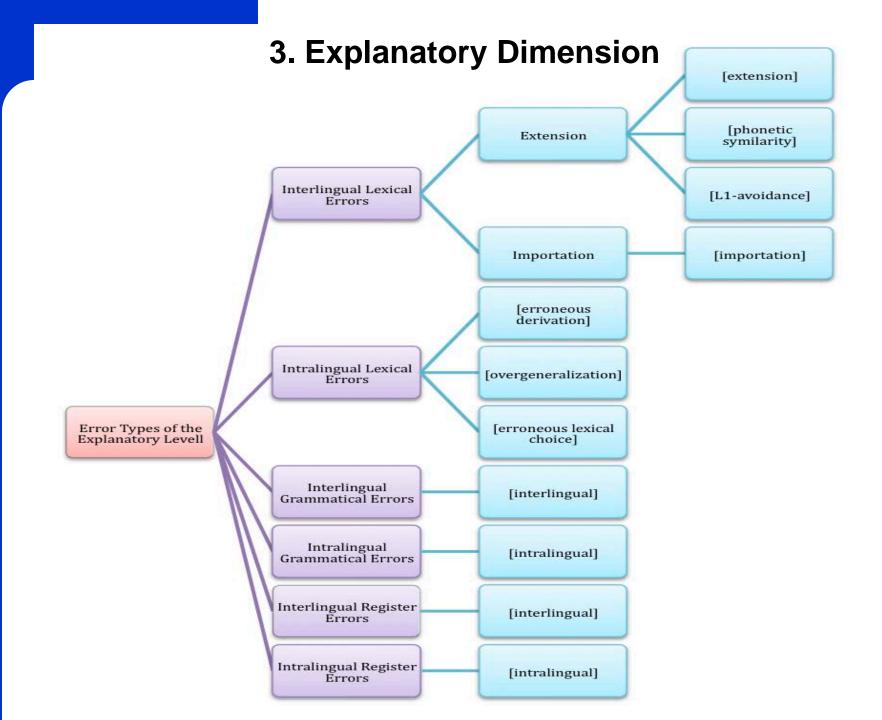
1. Three-dimensional Collocation Error Typology:

- (i) location
- (ii) descriptive
- (iii) explanatory

1. Location dimension







Ilustration of interlingual lexical errors (affecting the base or the collocate)

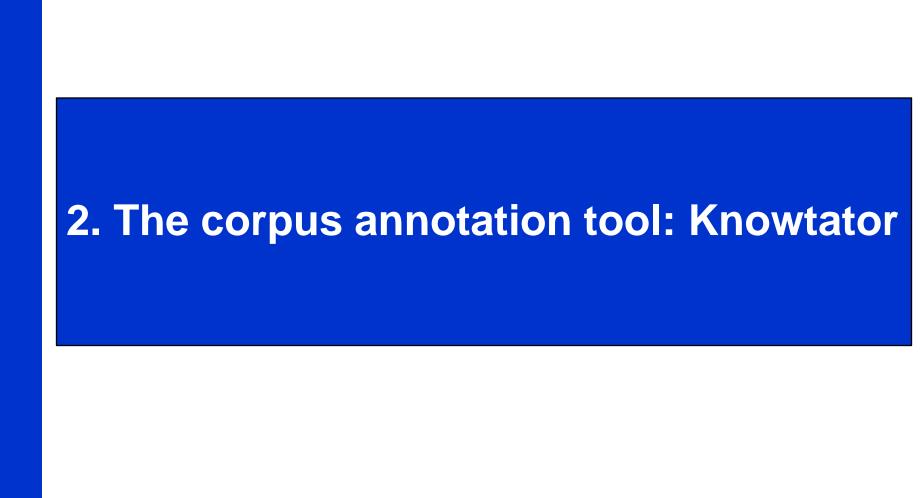
		EXPLANATORY CRITERION				
Z		Interlingual Errors				
LOCATION	DESCRIPTIVE CRITERION		Extension			
		Importation		Phonetic similarity	L1 avoidance	
BASE	Substitution	hicimos wakeboarding	juego de fútbol (from game)	Doy una marca (instead of poner una nota)	Estado económico (from economic situation)	
	Creation	recibí un <u>llamo</u> (analogy with <i>call</i>)				
COLLOCATE	Substitution		gastar todo el año (from spend) tomé examen (from take) Doy una marca (from give)	lengua maternal (from maternal language) capturar la atención (from capture)	cambiar a la verdadera religión (Eng. convert to a religión) acudir el teléfono (Eng. attend the telephone)	
	Creation					

Ilustration of interlingual lexical errors (affecting the base or the collocate)

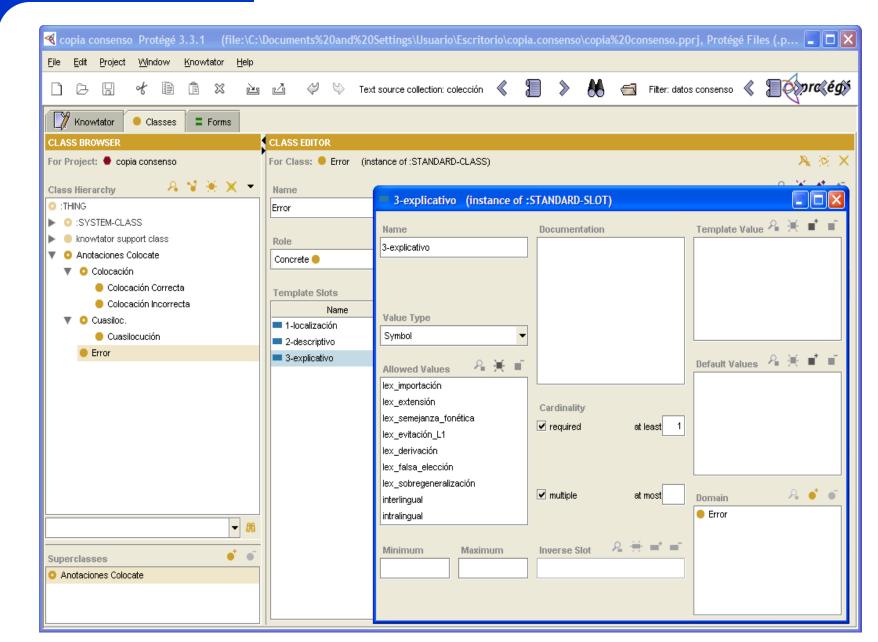
	EXPLANATORY CRITERION Introlingual Errors						
LOCATION	Erroneous derivation	Intralingual Errors Overgeneralization	Err. lexical choice				
BASE	recibí un <u>llamo</u> (analogy with paseo, canto, salto)		Me da el <u>sentido</u> (instead of <i>la sensación</i>)				
COLLOCATE	enseñanza <u>segundaria</u> (from <i>segundo</i>)	hacer citas (instead of concertar) malos efectos (instead of nocivos, dañinos)	toman puestos (instead of ocupar puestos) escribir el examen (instead of hacer)				

Ilustration of interlingual and intralingual grammatical errors (affecting the base or the collocate)

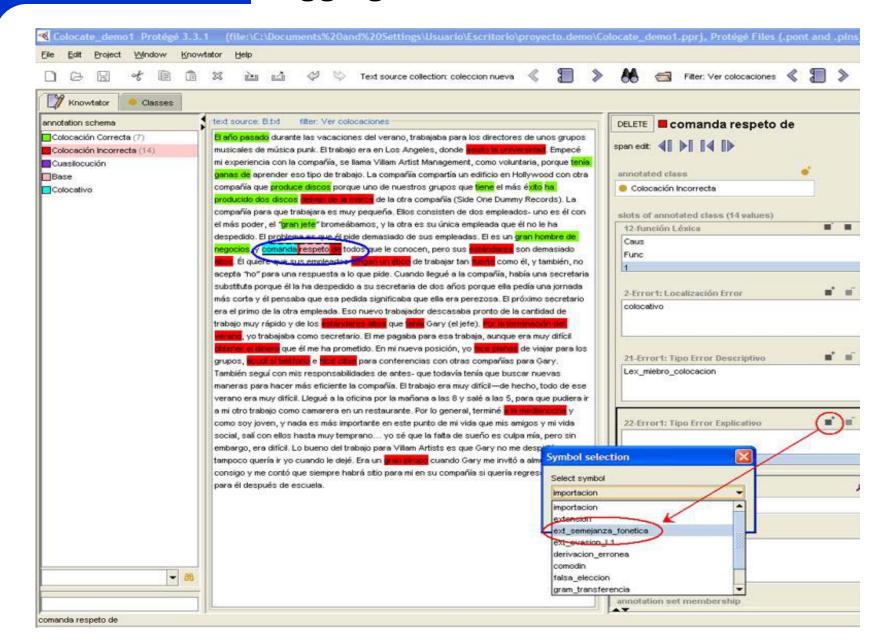
		EXPLANATORY CRITERION		
Location	DESCRIPTIVE CRITERION	Interlingual errors	Intralingual errors	
	determination	 tienen <u>el</u> derecho de (from to have the right to) terminé escuela (from to finish school) 	• tomé examen (instead of tomé un examen)	
	number		 hicimos los esquís del agua (instead of esquí de agua) tienen prejuicio (instead of prejuicios) 	
BASE	gender		• <u>días</u> festivas (instead of <i>días festivos</i>)	
	government	 tengo interés <u>in</u> tengo razones <u>por</u> 		
	specification		• probar comida (an article or an adjective should be used to specify the base, e.g. probar comida exótica)	
Collocate	goverment	 hablando <u>al</u> teléfono (from Italian, the student's L2: <i>parlare al telefono</i>) asisto un juego de fútbol (from <i>assist a game of</i>) entró la universidad (from <i>enter university</i>) 	• montó el autobús (instead of montar en)	
	pronoun		 muero de ganas (instead of por me muero de) la película se trata (instead of la pelícla trata) 	



The annotation schema in knowtator



Tagging collocations with knowtator



3. The research project: towards a Learning Environment COLOCATE

The Objectives of COLOCATE

A) Develop didactic means which support

- 1) interactive learning with collocation error verification and NLP-based error correction
- 2) data-driven active learning

B) Develop resources such as

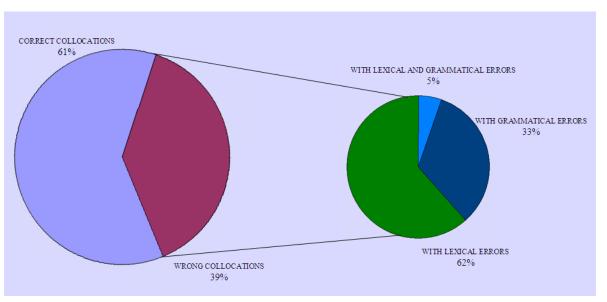
- 1) DiCE *Diccionario de colocaciones del español* (DiCE) http://www.dicesp.com
- 2) personalized collocation dictionaries
- 3) collocation-annotated learner corpus

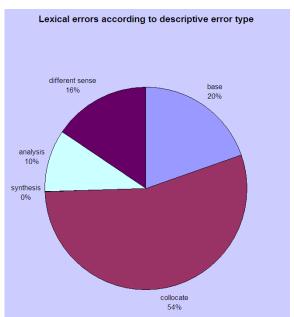
C) Develop NLP-techniques

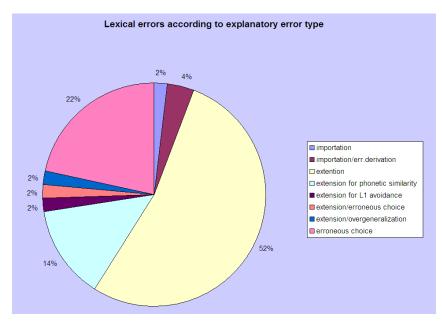
- 1) For automatic recognition and classification of collocations
- 2) For automatic error correction and learning material provision

4. Preliminary Findings

Preliminary findings







5. Conclusions and Future Work

5. Conclusions

- 1) Collocation errors in learner corpora are far from homogeneous and neither is their distribution!
- 2) A fine-grained collocation error typology is needed to capture the major error types
- 3) Targeted exercises and targeted supplementary teaching material (provided by automatic means) are needed to support active language learning
- 4) COLOCATE is about to address the important issues in L2 learning: (i) adequate didactic tools, (ii) collocation and collocation error resources; (iii) NLP techniques for tracing and classification of collocations and collocation errors

5. Future Work

- Continue with the annotation of the learner corpus with collocation errors
- Continue with the annotation of the learner corpus with collocations (Lexical Functions)
- ✓ Extend the DICE
- Provide resources for didactic material
- Continue to work on ML-based recognition/ classification of collocations and collocation errors
- ✓ Etc., etc., etc.

