

FrameNet translation using bilingual dictionaries with evaluation on the English-French pair

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- Introduction
- Proposed approach
- Evaluation
- Resource enrichment
- Conclusions



Introduction

- FrameNet: a resource for Semantic Role Labeling
 - Semantic Role Labeling (SRL)
 - Detect and identify **predicate** of a given situation
 - Detect and identify roles of a given situation
 - Aims at helping Textual entailment, Question-Answering systems...
 - FrameNet
 - Language: English
 - Structure: Frame = set of triggering predicates + set of specific roles
 - Number of predicate-frame pairs: more than 10,000
 - Number of roles: 250 (specific subset for each frame)
 - Example

Attempt_suasion [Advise, beg, discourage, exhort, press,urge (...)]

[A number of embassies]_{SPEAKER} are warning [their citizens]_{ADRESSEE} [against traveling to Thailand's capital]_{CONTENT}.



Introduction

- Real need for other languages than English
 - Case of French
 - Volem [Fernandez et al., 02]
 - * Semantic resource for French, Spanish and Catalan
 - * 1,500 verbs
 - * ~20 generic semantic roles
 - * Comparison to FrameNet
 - Much lower coverage
 - Less specific roles
 - Only verbs, no other part-of-speech
 - Entries are verbs (and not sets of predicates grouped by "senses" as in FrameNet)
 - FrameNet transposition to French [Pado and Pitel, 07]
 - * ~7000 predicate-frame pairs
 - * Precision 77%



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Overview of the proposed method

- For each frame and each predicate in this frame
 - Extraction of translation pairs from bilingual dictionaries
 - Base score representing the confidence we have in the translation of the given predicate in the given frame
 - 5 variations of this score based on different heuristics
- Linear combination of the scores
- Filtering with a parameter threshold
- Run with different parameters and weights on a development set to find the best settings



Extraction of translation pairs

Bilingual dictionaries we use in our experiments

- Wiktionary
 - Creative Commons license
 - 27,109 French-English translation pairs in January 2009 version
 - Distinction of senses for some of the translations.
- EuRADic
 - Distributed by ELDA
 - 243,539 entries

Extraction of translation pairs

- English Lexical Unit (LU) present in predicates of a frame
 - → French Lexical Unit(s) (LU)
- 2 different resources by dividing EuRADic and Wiktionary results



Base Score

Score S1: redundancy of translations

- If many English LU of the same frame translate to the same French LU
 → confidence for the translation to be correct is high.
- French LU-Frame score=Nb of translation pairs for the LU in the given frame
- If a translation pair is found in several sense distinctions in the Wiktionary, they are all summed up.
- Example:
 - Ingestion

...

Wiktionary

consume liquid through the mouth drink.v → boire.v consume alcoholic beverages drink.v → boire.v

Structural Scores I

Structural score S2: polysemy of source LU

- Hypothesis
 - Polysemous source LU (present in more than one frame)
 - → higher risk that translation is erroneous
 - S2 = confidence score S1 lowered depending on the number of frames containing the source LU
- Example
 - rise appears in 9 different frames

```
Getting_up
```

```
get up → se lever
rise → augmenter
→ se lever
```



Se lever : S1 = 2 $S2 = 2/10^{\alpha}$ Augmenter : S1 = 1 $S2 = 1/9^{\alpha}$

Structural Scores II

- Structural score S3: number of English LUs in the frame
 - Hypothesis
 - Source frame contains lots of LUs
 - → higher risk that redundant translations appear
 - S3 = confidence score S1 lowered depending on the number of source LUs in the given frame
 - Example
 - Containers has 116 English LUs bac.n is the French translation of 15 of the English LUs (WRONG) nigaud.n (← mug) is the French translation of 1 English LU
 - Operational_testing has 8 English LUs tester.v is the French translation of 1 of the English LUs



bac_Containers : S1 = 23 $S3 = 15/116^{\alpha}$ nigaud_Containers : S1 = 1 $S3 = 1/116^{\alpha}$ tester_Operational_testing : S1 = 1 $S3 = 1/8^{\alpha}$

Target Scores I

- Target score S4: number of translation pairs
 - Hypothesis
 - High number of translation pairs
 - → higher risk that redundant translations appear
 - S4 = confidence score S1 lowered depending on the number of translation pairs for the given frame
 - Example
 - Same idea as previous score



Target Scores II

- Target score S5: number of LUs in the target frame
 - Hypothesis
 - Target frame contains lots of LUs
 - → Some LUs may carry slightly different meanings
 - S5 = confidence score S1 lowered depending on the number of target LUs in the given frame
- Target score S6: polysemy of the target LU
 - Hypothesis
 - Polysemous target LU (present in more than one frame)
 - → LU less informative in the given frame
 - S6 = confidence score S1 lowered depending on the number of frames containing the target LU
 - Example
 - Prendre appears in 83 frames and Porter appears in 75 frames



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Experimental setup

- Evaluation criteria
 - Precision, Recall, F_{0.5}-measure
 - Computed on each frame and averaged
- Two FrameNet subsets
 - Obtained from the union of FrameNet.FR [Pado and Pitel,07], unfiltered translations with EuRADic and with Wiktionary
 - Subset 1: Development set
 - Sample of 10 frames: Nb of LUs representative of the global distribution (quantiles)
 - Manually corrected
 - Subset 2: Test set
 - Sample of 10 frames: the ones used by [Pado and Pitel, 07]
 - Manually corrected
- Scores combination and parameter settings
 - Normalization and linear combination
 - Maximization of recall at $P_{0.95}$ and maximization of $F_{0.5}$ -measure



Results

	Linear combination	All fra	Test Set	
Resource		#LU-Frame	#Frames	Р
Berkeley FrameNet		11,171	796	
FrameNet.FR [Pado and Pitel, 07]		6,659	480	77%
Wi_nofilter		19,912	781	70%
Wi_P ₀₉₅	1/4S2+ 1/4 S5 + 1/2 S6	2,889	686	94%
Wi_F _{0.5} max	1/4 S1 + 1/2 S4 + 1/4 S6	15,720	781	74%
Eu_nofilter		57,787	795	58%
Eu_P ₀₉₅	3/4 S2 + 1/4 S6	616	210	100%
Eu_F _{0.5} max	1/4 S2 + 3/4 S6	24,885	767	74%
Wi_F _{0.5} max U Eu_F _{0.5} max		34,121	793	70%
Wiktionary /\ EuRADic		12,211	773	82%
Wi_F _{0.5} max /\ Eu_F _{0.5} max		6,484	724	95%



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Enrichment by similarity

Resources used to perform the enrichment

- Semantic spaces computed with MI on syntactical co-occurrences
- Cosine similarity

Classification of nouns

- Classes

 frames
- Learning data
 → set of triggering Lus of each frame
- K-NN classifier on multi-represented data [Kriegel et al, 05]
- In every semantic space, weights the confidence on the neighbors by taking into account density of neighbors belonging to the same class

Variation of parameters

- K: 10, 25, 50
- Filter thresholds
- Selection of semantic spaces
- Use of the size of the classes in confidence vector
- Use of the translation score S1 into the learning process



Enrichment Results

Setting parameters

- Optimizing precision / coverage against union of three resources:
 - FrameNet.FR [Pado and Pitel, 07]
 - Translation using Wiktionary
 - Translation using EuRADic

Results

	All frames			Test set		
Resource	#LU-frame	#LU-frame #New attributions #Frames			R	
Berkeley FrameNet	11,171		796			
FN.1 precision	9,536	7,581 (79%)	295	82%	7%	
FN.2 coverage	27,371	24,997 (91%)	359	61%	10%	
TFN+EFN.1	15,132	8,648 (57%)	727	86%	18%	

Comments

- TFN + EFN.1 = (Wi $_{0.5}$ max \cap Eu $_{0.5}$ max) \cup FN.1
- Combined resource: 15,132 pairs with an estimated precision of 86%



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Conclusions and future work

- New approach to transfer FrameNet into another language
 - Validated for French
- Resources resulting from translation
 - A robust one: 95% estimated precision 58% of BerkeleyFN size
 - A balanced one: 70% estimated precision 3 times BerkeleyFN size
- Enrichment
 - Performed on nouns
 - Significant results incite to go further with verbs and adjectives
- Future work
 - Try to apply the translation method to the heads of the phrases filling the different roles in order to build learning data for a SRL system.

Questions





State-of-the-art

- Approaches with bilingual corpora
 - German: [Pado and Lapata, 05]
 - French: [Pado and Pitel, 07]
 - Italian: [Tonelli and Pianta, 08], [Basili et al.09]
- Approaches with bilingual dictionaries and filtering
 - Chinese: [Fung and Chen, 04]

Parameter tuning

Resource	α	P	R	$F_{0.5}$
Wiktio		63%	40%	53%
Wiktio+S1 $F_{0.5}max$		63%	40%	53%
Wiktio+S2 $F_{0.5}max$	1	65%	40%	54%
Wiktio+S3 $F_{0.5}max$	1	63%	40%	53%
Wiktio+S4 $F_{0.5}max$	0.5	66%	38%	53%
Wiktio+S5 $F_{0.5}max$	0.75	66%	38%	53%
Wiktio+S6 $F_{0.5}max$	1	70%	36%	55%
EuRADic		51%	93%	56%
EuRA+S1 $F_{0.5}max$		74%	34%	58%
EuRA+S2 $F_{0.5}max$	0.75	59%	75%	60%
EuRA+S3 $F_{0.5}max$	0.25	69%	51%	59%
EuRA+S4 $F_{0.5}max$	0.1	71%	46%	60%
EuRA+S5 $F_{0.5}max$	0.25	71%	46%	60%
EuRA+S6 $F_{0.5}max$	0.25	68%	55%	64%

Results

	Linear combination	All fra	Test set				
Resource		#LU-frames	#Frames	P	R	F_{05}	F
Berkeley FrameNet		11,171	796				
Wi_nofilter		19,912	781	70%	33%	57%	44%
Wi_P095	$\frac{1}{4}.S2 + \frac{1}{4}.S5 + \frac{1}{2}.S6$ $\frac{1}{4}.S1 + \frac{1}{2}.S4 + \frac{1}{4}.S6$	2,889	686	94%	11%	33%	18%
Wi_F05max	$\frac{1}{4}.S1 + \frac{1}{2}.S4 + \frac{1}{4}.S6$	15,720	781	74%	30%	56%	42%
EuRADic_nofilter		57,787	795	58%	84%	61%	67%
EuRADic_P095	$\frac{3}{4}.S2 + \frac{1}{4}.S6$ $\frac{1}{4}.S2 + \frac{3}{4}.S6$	616	210	100%	2%	10%	4%
EuRADic_F05max	$\frac{1}{4}.S2 + \frac{3}{4}.S6$	24,885	767	74%	44%	63%	53%
FrameNet.fr_nofilter		6,659	480	77%	23%	43%	31%
Union							
$Wi \cup EuRADic$		65,488	796	57%	92%	61%	69%
$W_{-}P_{0.95} \cup E_{-}P_{0.95}$		3,256	695	94%	12%	35%	20%
$W_F_{0.5max} \cup E_F_{0.5max}$		34,121	793	70%	59%	67%	63%
Intersection							
$Wi \cap EuRADic$		12,211	773	82%	25%	56%	38%
$W_F_{0.5max} \cap E_F_{0.5max}$		6,484	724	95%	15%	43%	25%
$Wi_F_{0.5}max \cap Eu_F_{0.5}max \cap$		7,814	742	95%	18%	49%	29 %
FN.fr							